

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 3 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Variant 1.

1. Вставь **am, is, are**:

1. She _____ sleeping now.
2. You _____ watching TV now.
3. The children _____ singing now.
4. I _____ playing tennis now.
5. A cat _____ eating now.

2. Напиши **множественное число** следующих существительных:

1. School - _____
2. Mouse - _____
3. Fish- _____
4. Aeroplane - _____
5. Man - _____

3. **Составь предложения**, расставив слова в правильном порядке:

1. is/ my/ Bella/ name.

2. nine/ old/ I/ years/ am.

3. Maths / I/ Art/ and/ like.

4. food/ favourite/ is/ pizza/ my.

4. Выбери правильное слово и подчеркни его:

1. I've got **some/any** water in the glass.
2. We haven't got **some/any** chairs in the room.
3. Has he got **some/any** toys in his bedroom?
4. Can I have **some/any** pasta?

5. Вставь артикль **a** или **an**.

1. _____ mouse
2. _____ ear
3. _____ desk
4. _____ armchair
5. _____ garden

6. Вставь предлоги **at, in, on**:

1. _____ Sunday
2. _____ the morning
3. _____ 5 o'clock
4. _____ Tuesday
5. _____ night

7. Вставь **there is** или **there are**:

1. _____ a fridge in the kitchen.
2. _____ three toy-soldiers in the toy box.
3. _____ a tea set and five dolls in the children's room.
4. _____ a sofa in the living-room.
5. _____ two chairs in my bedroom.

8. Прочитай и напиши **Yes** или **No**.

Max is a nice Russian boy. He is nine. He doesn't like to paint pictures, but he likes to play computer games. Max likes to go to school. His favourite subject is Maths. Max has got a ball. He likes to go to the park and play soccer there.

Max likes to visit his grandpa. He visits his grandpa on Fridays. They play and read books.

Max likes to eat. His favourite food is pizza. He doesn't like soup.

1. Max is from Russia. _____
2. Max is 10. _____
3. Max likes to paint pictures. _____
4. Max visits his grandpa on Fridays. _____
5. They fly a kite. _____
6. Max likes to eat. _____
7. His favourite food is sausages. _____

9. Замени слова, выделенные жирным шрифтом на **his, her, its**.

1. **Mum's** bag _____
2. **My sister's** doll _____
3. **His dog's** toy _____
4. **Grandpa's** table _____
5. **Tim's** mouse _____

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 3 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Variant 2.

1. Вставь am, is, are:

1. Polina _____ flying a kite now.
2. You _____ riding a bike now.
3. My little brother _____ sleeping now.
4. I _____ going to bed now.
5. We _____ having lunch now.

2. Напиши множественное число следующих существительных:

1. Leg - _____
2. Sheep - _____
3. Tooth - _____
4. Elephant - _____
5. Woman - _____

3. Составь предложения, расставив слова в правильном порядке:

1. ten/ old/ years/ am/ I.

2. is/ name/ Sam/ my.

3. favourite/ is/ Sunday/ day/ my.

4. like/ History/ English/ and/ I.

4. Выбери правильное слово и подчеркни его:

1. They've got **some/any** vegetables in the fridge.
2. Can I have **some/any** chocolate cake?
3. Have you got **some/any** sausages in the lunch box?
4. She hasn't got **some/any** flowers in her garden.

5. Вставь артикль a или an.

1. _____ ruler
2. _____ school
3. _____ elephant
4. _____ aeroplane
5. _____ computer

6. Вставь предлоги **at, in, on**:

1. _____ the evening
2. _____ 7 o'clock
3. _____ night
4. _____ Saturday
5. _____ 2 o'clock

7. Вставь **there is** или **there are**:

1. _____ ten tables in this room.
2. _____ a teddy bear on my bed.
3. _____ a puppet and two toy soldiers in my room.
4. _____ a fridge in the kitchen.
5. _____ three beds in our bedroom.

8. Прочитай и напиши **Yes** или **No**.

Mary is a nice English girl. She is ten. She likes to swim but she doesn't like to play computer games. She likes to go to the park. She has got a little bike. She likes to ride her bike in the park.

Mary likes to visit her grandma. She visits her grandma on Sundays.

Mary sings songs and paints pictures, but she doesn't play soccer or basketball.

1. Mary is from England. _____
2. Mary is a boy. _____
3. Mary is 9. _____
4. Mary likes to swim. _____
5. Mary likes to drive her car. _____
6. Mary visits her grandma on Saturdays. _____
7. Mary sings songs. _____

9. Замени слова, выделенные жирным шрифтом на **his, her, its**.

1. **Mum's** telephone _____
2. **My brother's** teddy bear _____
3. **His cats's** toy _____
4. **Grandma's** armchair _____
5. **Lulu's** dog _____

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 4 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Variant I

1. Прочитай предложения. Вставь is или are.

1. There _____ a big grey carpet on my floor.
2. There _____ three windows in our living room.
3. There _____ a lot of books on the shelf.
4. There _____ a nice armchair in Jane's house.
5. There _____ no chairs in my bedroom.

2. Выбери нужное прилагательное. Обведи соответствующую букву.

1. The new road is _____ than the old road.
a) wide b) wider c) the widest
2. The red dress is _____ than the green dress.
a) nice b) nicer c) the nicest
3. I like mountains _____ than fields.
a) much b) more c) the most
4. The farm is _____ than the city.
a) clean b) cleaner c) the cleanest

3. Выбери глагол в нужной форме.

1. My brother **repairs/will repair/repared** my bike yesterday.
2. My little sister usually **plays/will play/played** puzzles in the evening.
3. Mag **does/will do/did** the washing up half an hour ago.
4. His grandma **doesn't/won't/didn't** go to the country tomorrow.
5. Alex **doesn't/won't/didn't** water the flowers yesterday.
6. I **watch/watched/am watching** TV now.
7. Tom **is doing/does/do** his homework at the moment.

4. Прочитай рассказ. Раскрой скобки, поставь глаголы в Past Simple.

Santa Claus was very busy in December. He _____ (**get up**) early. He _____ (**wash**) his face and hands with snow. At 7 am Santa _____ (**have**) an ice cream and a cup of cold coffee for breakfast. Then he _____ (**give**) bread to his deer Rudolph. Santa _____ (**take**) snow and cold weather and _____ (**sit**) in the sleigh. He _____ (**fly**) to different countries. He _____ (**visit**) forests and fields, rivers and mountains.

5. Прочитай текст и ответь на вопросы.

Emma is English. She is ten years old. "I have my lessons in a big classroom. It's light and comfortable with lots of flowers. There are beautiful pictures and posters on the walls. There is a computer and we often go on the Internet to get some information. There are twenty children in my class. My favourite subject is Art because I'm good at drawing and the teacher is really great."

Marc is eight years old and he is from Holland. His home is on the boat. He and his family are always in different places. When they come to a nice port, they stop. Sometimes they stay for a week and sometimes for a month. When they stay for a long time Marc goes to school there. "My school is usually on the boat. I have lessons on the Internet. It's fun. Some days there is no school at all."

- 1) How old is Emma? _____
- 2) What subject does Emma like? _____
- 3) Where is Marc from? _____
- 4) Where is Marc's home? _____
- 5) Where does Marc have lessons? _____

6. Прочитай письмо, полученное от нового друга по переписке.

Dear friend,

My name is Wendy. I live in London, England. I am twelve years old. My birthday is on the 12th of May. I live with my mum and dad. I haven't got any sisters or brothers.

I go to Hillside School. My school is great but it isn't very big. I'm in class 1a. There are twenty pupils in my class. I like my classmates. They are very friendly. Have you got any friends in your class? My favourite subjects are English and Music. I don't like Maths because I'm not very good at it. What's your favourite subject?

I like reading books in my free time. I can sing and dance quite well. What about you?

I hope to hear from you soon.

Yours,

Wendy

Напиши ответ, дополнив незаконченные предложения.

Dear _____

It was great to get your letter.

My name is _____

I am _____

I live in _____

I live with _____

My favourite school subject is _____

In my free time _____

I can _____

Yours,

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 4 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Variant II

1. Прочитай предложения. Вставь is или are.

1. There _____ a nice garden behind the house.
2. There _____ a lot of big apple trees in the garden.
3. There _____ no clocks in the living room.
4. There _____ a sofa in the hall.
5. There _____ beautiful flowers on the table.

2. Выбери нужное прилагательное. Обведи соответствующую букву.

1. John is _____ than his brother.
a) tall b) taller c) the tallest
2. February is the _____ month.
a) short b) shorter c) shortest
3. I like ice cream _____ than cakes.
a) much b) more c) the most
4. In the city streets are _____ than in the country.
a) wide b) wider c) the widest

3. Выбери глагол в нужной форме.

1. The pupils **go/went/will** go to school every day.
2. Jim **gets up/got up/will get up** at 6 am yesterday.
3. My brother **is /was/will be** at home yesterday evening.
4. She **cleans/cleaned/will clean** the room tomorrow.
5. Jill **makes/made/will make** her bed every morning.
6. Sara **is cooking/cooks/will cook** now.
7. Mum **reads/read/is reading** at the moment.

4. Прочитай рассказ. Раскрой скобки, поставь глаголы в Past Simple.

Cinderella lived with her father, stepmother and two sisters in the country. She _____ (**get**) up at 5 am and _____ (**clean**) the rooms. Then she _____ (**feed**) the animals and _____ (**water**) the flowers. At 8 o'clock she _____ (**go**) to the kitchen and _____ (**cook**) breakfast for her stepmother and sisters. At half past ten she _____ (**lay**) the table. After breakfast she _____ (**make**) her sisters' beds and did the washing up.

5. Прочитай текст и ответь на вопросы.

It was a beautiful morning on Friday. Fred watched his favourite cartoon on TV. Then he had breakfast with his brother David. After breakfast he said, "Goodbye", to his family and rode his bike to school. He put his bike next to the wall. He always put his bike there – with all his friends' bikes.

Fred went into his classroom and put his books on the desk. The room was very quite because no children were there. The teacher was not there too. That was strange. What happened to his classmates? He sat down at his desk and took his pen from his bag. Then he looked around and saw some people outside the window.

Fred saw his teacher with a guitar and all his friends. In front of them there were two clowns. The first clown threw a tomato at the second clown. It went into his mouth. All the children laughed. Fred stood up quickly. "Oh yes!" he said, "It's our last school day today. It's the school party!" He ran outside and sat with his friends.

1) What did Fred do before breakfast? _____

2) How did he go to school? _____

3) Where were his friends and the teacher? _____

4) How many clowns were there? _____

5) Why did they have a party? _____

6. Прочитай письмо, полученное от нового друга по переписке.

Dear friend,

My name is Wendy. I live in London, England. I am twelve years old. My birthday is on the 12th of May. I live with my mum and dad. I haven't got any sisters or brothers.

I go to Hillside School. My school is great but it isn't very big. I'm in class 1a. There are twenty pupils in my class. I like my classmates. They are very friendly. Have you got any friends in your class? My favourite subjects are English and Music. I don't like Maths because I'm not very good at it. What's your favourite subject?

I like reading books in my free time. I can sing and dance quite well. What about you?

I hope to hear from you soon.

Yours,

Wendy

Напиши ответ, дополнив незаконченные предложения.

Dear _____

It was great to get your letter.

My name is _____

I am _____

I live in _____

I live with _____

My favourite school subject is _____

In my free time _____

I can _____

Yours,

7. Прочитайте текст и отметьте высказывания ниже буквами Т (true)-верно или F (false)- не верно.

Dear Ann,

How are you? It's my birthday next Sunday and I'm having a party. Come to my house. We always have a fantastic time!

I usually decorate my room with balloons and we play party games.

My mum always makes me a birthday cake. We have a table full of food, sandwiches, crisps, small cakes and chocolate biscuits. My mum also makes chicken and some salads. There is a lot of coke, orange juice and lemonade to drink.

The party starts at seven. Don't be late!

Write back soon.

Kate.

1. Ann's birthday is next Sunday_____
2. Kate decorates the room with flowers._____
3. Her mum always makes a birthday cake._____
4. They serve banana biscuits._____
5. There is more than one salad._____
6. They always set off fireworks._____

7. Прочитайте текст и отметьте высказывания ниже буквами Т (true)-верно или F (false)- не верно.

Dear Joy,

How are you? It's my birthday next Sunday and I'm having a party at my home. Why don't you come? We always have a great time!

I usually decorate my house with a lot of colorful balloons and we all play some great party games such as *Simons says*, *Twenty questions* and others.

My mum is a great cook and she makes a lot of delicious food. We usually have sandwiches, crisps, small cakes and chocolate biscuits and different kinds of salads. There is always a lot of coke, orange juice and lemonade to drink. I love chocolate so there is always a chocolate cake.

The party starts at seven. Don't be late!

Love,

Helen

1. Joy's birthday is next Saturday. _____
2. Helen decorates the room with balloons. _____
3. *Simons says* is a party game. _____
4. Helen cooks the food. _____
5. There is only one salad. _____
6. Helen doesn't like chocolate _____

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 6 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Вариант 1

№ 1. Перед Вами на экране 5 незаконченных предложений А–Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор двух молодых

людей. Для каждого предложения выберите из списка концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У Вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Bob went to _____ at the weekend.
1) the theatre; 2) the park; 3) the concert

B. Aunt Lucy is _____ in the photo.
1) near the lake; 2) behind the boat; 3) next to the tree

C. The weather was _____ .
1) sunny; 2) cloudy; 3) windy

D. Suzy is Bob's _____ .
1) cousin; 2) sister; 3) daughter

E. Suzy is _____ years old now.
1) 5; 2) 12; 3) 7

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

№ 2. Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

This text deals with ...

1. Dangerous shoes.
2. Following the rules.
3. Angry shoppers.
4. New fashion.
5. Dress rules.
6. Wear in special areas

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

A. A new kind of training shoes, with wheels in the heel, are in fashion in Wales. Many teenagers asked for them at Christmas. But the manager of the St Andrew`s Shopping Centre in Liverpool says the shoes, called ‘Heelies’, are dangerous. He says kids in ‘Heelies’ can’t enter the mall. They must take them off and walk around in their socks.

B. The manager, Gilmour Johnes, thinks there is a safety problem. Teenagers with these shoes could break a shop window or knock down an older customer. Mr. Johnes says that the rule against wheels is not new. ‘For many years we have had the rules against using rollerblades or skateboards in the centre.’

C. Many other malls also have specific dress rules for teenagers. In the USA, some malls have rules about wearing baseball caps. You mustn’t wear your cap to the side — the cap must be straight, and you mustn’t wear it low over your face. The security camera must be able to see your face.

D. Many of these rules are to stop big groups of teenagers getting in the way of shoppers. Groups of kids sometimes stand on the stairs or in the doors and customers can't pass. Some shoppers are afraid of large groups of noisy teenagers. One mall manager said, 'We are here to sell. If you don't want to buy, we don't want you here.'

E. However, the problem with 'Heely' shoes is not just the feelings of other shoppers. There is a real safety problem — these shoes can be dangerous. The company that makes them tells users not to wear them in crowded places.

№ 3. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

London Zoo

My favourite place in London is London Zoo. It is the world's **A**_____ scientific zoo. It **B**_____ in 1828. At that time it housed a collection of exotic animals that were studied by scientists. Nowadays the collection is even **C**_____.

In the African section you can come face to face with some of Africa's most unusual animals including zebras and hunting dogs. Make sure you **D**_____ feeding time at the Penguin section. Find out more about these popular creatures from the zoo's keepers. With over 12,000 animals to see every visitor enjoys **E**_____ the tour of the Zoo.

A 1) older 2) elder 3) eldest 4) oldest

B 1) opens 2) opened 3) was opening 4) has opened

C 1) greater 2) great 3) more great 4) greatest

D 1) miss 2) have missed 3) don't miss 4) will miss

E 1) to take 2) took 3) taking 4) takes

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 4. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

The Battle

We walked through the night for about two (A)_____, until we came to a hillside on which many small (B)_____ were burning. Infadoos told us that the chiefs had gathered the warriors under their command here, and that as soon (C)_____ the sun rose we should all address them. When the (D)_____ had risen the warriors gathered on the slope of the hill, and Infadoos took the chiefs and stood before the army.

When they had heard the prince's story and seen the markings on his back, the (E)_____ all stamped their feet, and the whole hillside seemed to shake. We now had the backing of the army. We decided to wait for the enemy where we were, and the following morning they came. As the armies met, a great cry went up from our warriors, "The prince! The prince!" and we heard men screaming when the spears found them. In the end we managed to push their army back down the hill.

1) men; 2) day; 3) hours; 4) sun; 5) fires; 6) thousand; 7) as.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 6 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Вариант 2

№ 1. Перед Вами на экране 5 незаконченных предложений А–Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор двух молодых людей. Для каждого предложения выберите из списка концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У Вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

- A.** Bob went to _____ at the weekend.
1) the theatre; 2) the park; 3) the concert
- B.** Aunt Lucy is _____ in the photo.
1) near the lake; 2) behind the boat; 3) next to the tree
- C.** The weather was _____ .
1) sunny; 2) cloudy; 3) windy
- D.** Suzy is Bob's _____ .
1) cousin; 2) sister; 3) daughter
- E.** Suzy is _____ years old now.
1) 5; 2) 12; 3) 7

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 2. Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

This text deals with ...

1. Groups of stars.
2. Hot clouds of gas.
3. Moving to the west.
4. Giving out light.
5. Orbiting round stars.
6. The nearest star.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

A. Over millions of years, hot clouds of gas called ‘nebulae’ grow until they explode and form huge, blazing balls of fire. This is how stars are born. Our own sun is a star. Eventually, like all stars, it will run out of fuel and die. Don ’t worry though — this won’t happen for another 5 billion years!

B. Stars are sources of light. This is the reason they shine so brightly in the sky. The moon, planets and comets also shine, but they don’t give out their own light. They just reflect it from the sun.

C. Stars are very, very far away. In fact, when their light reaches our eyes, we sometimes see them as they were thousands of years ago. Our sun is the nearest star to Earth, but it is still about 160 million km away! It is part of the Milky Way galaxy, a white band of stars that stretches across the night sky.

D. Constellations are groups of stars. If you draw lines between them (and use lots of imagination) they sometimes look like objects, animals or people. The ancient Greeks thought that Orion looked like a giant hunter with a sword attached to his belt.

E. As the earth moves around the sun, we see the constellations in different positions in the sky at different times of the year. In the same way, the whole sky seems to move towards the west as the earth rotates on its axis throughout the night.

№ 3. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

An Indian girl

Zita is twelve years old and she lives in India. She has long dark hair and beautiful eyes. Zita goes to school and studies very hard. She reads **A**_____ books because she wants to be clever and get a good education. Her parents are very happy with her school results. **B**_____ are proud of her. Zita is the **C**_____ student in the class. Zita often thinks about her future. She thinks that she **D**_____ a doctor when she grows up. She understands how important doctors are because last year she **E**_____ ill with the flu and had to see a doctor. A kind doctor helped her to get better very quickly. Zita wants to help people too. She is a very kind girl.

A 1) little 2) few 3) a lot of 4) much

B 1) they 2) them 3) their 4) themselves

C 1) good 2) better 3) best 4) most good

D 1) becomes 2) became 3) has become 4) will become

E 1) is 2) was 3) are 4) were

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 4. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Huckleberry Finn

On his way to school Tom met Huckleberry Finn, the (A)_____ boy whose drunken father had abandoned him and left town. Huck was (B)_____ by all the other boys because he was free to do what he liked, and hated by all the mothers because he was lazy, vulgar and (C)_____. Of course, Tom was not (D)_____ to play with him so, of course, he played with him (E)_____ he could. Tom admired him more than anyone.

1) allowed; 2) envied; 3) whenever; 4) anyone; 5) lawless; 6) raining; 7) homeless.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Аттестационная работа
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Фамилия, имя _____

Вариант 3

№ 1. Перед Вами на экране 5 незаконченных предложений А–Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор двух молодых людей. Для каждого предложения выберите из списка концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У Вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

- A.** Bob went to _____ at the weekend.
1) the theatre; 2) the park; 3) the concert
- B.** Aunt Lucy is _____ in the photo.
1) near the lake; 2) behind the boat; 3) next to the tree
- C.** The weather was _____ .
1) sunny; 2) cloudy; 3) windy
- D.** Suzy is Bob's _____ .
1) cousin; 2) sister; 3) daughter
- E.** Suzy is _____ years old now.
1) 5; 2) 12; 3) 7

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 2. Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

This text deals with ...

1. Making money.
2. Just like real life.
3. Old customs disappear.
4. Scare yourself.
5. The first theme park.
6. See Ancient Egypt.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

A. For many years, it has been a tradition in many parts of the world to hold a fair during public holidays. During religious festivals, there was a carnival atmosphere in many towns as fairgrounds appeared for a few days for people just to have fun. But slowly these fairs have been replaced by more permanent sites, where people can have fun all the year round.

B. Opened in 1955, Disneyland in California is regarded by many as the original fun park. Visitors were greeted by characters from various Disney films and the procession of Mickey Mouse and his friends is still a beautiful sight for people of all ages.

C. Nowadays, such parks can be found all over the world: indeed, it is becoming hard to avoid them. Special events, such as unforgettable firework displays, are organised in order to bring in the crowds. Creating a theme park involves a lot of money and the managers cannot afford to relax.

D. A trip to a fun park is not complete without something to really scare you. A roller coaster is nothing special these days. For real thrills, there's 'Oblivion', at Alton Towers in England, which takes you headfirst into a dark hole filled with smoke. It doesn't last long, but three minutes of nightmare is enough.

E. For people who don't like frightening rides there are plenty of other ways to spend the time. At the Luxor Hotel in Las Vegas, there is a glass copy of the tomb of Tutankhamun. There are shops and restaurants and imitation temples, but-best of all there is the possibility of a boat trip down the Nile.

№ 3. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

The Dog and the Donkey

Once in a small town there lived a baker. He had two pets — a dog and a donkey. The dog kept watch over the house. The donkey carried the bread and the cakes that the baker made. One night a thief A____ into the house. The baker B____ soundly. The dog too was fast asleep, he did not bark at the thief. The donkey saw the thief and wanted to awaken C____ master, so he began to bray loudly. The thief ran away. The baker could not sleep. He came out. He could not understand why the donkey brayed so loudly and he beat the stupid but dutiful donkey very badly. But the D____ house was saved. It was the duty of the dog to keep watch and not of the donkey. However, the donkey turned out to be a E____ guard than the dog.

A 1) broken 2) was breaking 3) broke 4) was broken

B 1) sleeps 2) was sleeping 3) slept 4) has slept

C 1) him 2) her 3) he 4) his

D 1) baker 2) bakers' 3) baker's 4) bakers

E 1) good 2) more good 3) best 4) better

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 4. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Snowfall

The snow began to fall early in November. It started (1)_____ night and did not stop. Cold white snowflakes came down on the city of Montreal night, morning, noon, and evening. Susannah was (2)_____ for the end of the snowfall. The other kids in her class loved the snow. They loved that sometimes they didn't (3)_____ to go to school because of the heavy snowfall. They liked to build towering forts and snowmen, whose noses were the carrot sticks they found packed in their lunchboxes.

Susannah didn't like the snow and wintertime. Her family took a trip to Florida two winters (4)_____. Susannah liked the sand on the beach. She could play with it like with the snow, but it didn't (5)_____ her freeze. The girl wished that they could live in Florida all year round.

1) Ago; 2) Have; 3) Last; 4) Long; 5) Make; 6) Trying; 7) Waiting.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Аттестационная работа
по английскому языку за курс 6 класса

Фамилия, имя _____

Вариант 4

№ 1. Перед Вами на экране 5 незаконченных предложений А–Е. Внимательно прочитайте их. Прочитайте также варианты ответов. Вы услышите разговор двух молодых людей. Для каждого предложения выберите из списка концовку, соответствующую содержанию разговора. К каждому предложению подходит только одна концовка. Аудиотекст прозвучит 2 раза. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У Вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

- A.** Bob went to _____ at the weekend.
1) the theatre; 2) the park; 3) the concert
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1) near the lake; 2) behind the boat; 3) next to the tree
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1) sunny; 2) cloudy; 3) windy
- D.** Suzy is Bob's _____ .
1) cousin; 2) sister; 3) daughter
- E.** Suzy is _____ years old now.
1) 5; 2) 12; 3) 7

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 2. Установите соответствие между текстами и их темами, выбрав тему из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

This text deals with ...

1. Old word — new meaning.
2. Not for profit.
3. For body and mind.
4. Generosity to taste.
5. New word — old service.
6. For various travellers' needs.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

A. The residents of the southern United States are particularly warm to visitors, ready to welcome them to their homes and to the South in general. Food places an important role in the traditions of southern hospitality. A cake or other delicacy is often brought to the door of a new neighbor as a means of introduction. When a serious illness occurs, neighbors, friends, and church members generally bring food to that family as a form of support and encouragement.

B. Destination spas exist for those who only can take a short term trip, but still want to develop healthy habits. Guests reside and participate in the program at a destination spa instead of just visiting it for a treatment or pure vacation. Typically over a seven-day stay, such facilities provide a program that includes spa services, physical fitness activities, wellness education, healthy cuisine and special interest programming.

C. When people travel, stay in a hotel, eat out, or go to the movies, they rarely think that they are experiencing many-sided, vast and very diverse hospitality industry. The tourism industry is very challenging for

those who work there, as they should be able to meet a wide variety of needs and to be flexible enough to anticipate them. The right person to help us feel at home likes working with the public, and enjoys solving puzzles.

D. five years ago, with the help of friends and family, Frederick Kühne founded Hospitality Club as a general-purpose Internet-based hospitality exchange organization. Now, it is one of the largest hospitality networks with members in 256 countries. This is a completely free organization, which involves no money. The core activity is the exchange of accommodation, when hosts offer their guests the possibility to stay free at their homes.

E. To the ancient Greeks and Romans, hospitality was a divine right. The host was expected to make sure the needs of his guests were seen to. In the contemporary West, hospitality is rarely associated with generously provided care and kindness to whoever is in need or strangers. Now it is only a service that includes hotels, casinos, and resorts, which offer comfort and guidance to strangers, but only as part of a business relationship.

№ 3. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска нужную грамматическую форму, выбрав её из списка. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

At the zoo

I like animals and I want to be a vet. I go to the zoo when I have some spare time to watch the behavior of **A** _____ favourite animal. It is a panda bear. It is one of the **B** _____ animals in the world. It **C** _____ in China in the jungle. It is a big animal up to two meters tall. It has got a coat of long black and white fur. It eats bamboo, plants and sometimes fish. It is very funny. My little sister Annie who is three years **D** _____ than I am, often goes to the zoo with me. She **E** _____ to be a vet, she'd like to be an actress.

- A 1) mine 2) my 3) our 4) ours
 B 1) rarer 2) less rare 3) rare 4) rarest
 C 1) has lived 2) is living 3) lives 4) lived
 D 1) younger 2) elder 3) young 4) youngest
 E 1) wants 2) doesn't want 3) didn't want 4) wanted

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

№ 4. Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее слово, выбрав его из списка. Два слова в списке лишние. Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Unusual Actors

Becky is a kind of actor called a mime. A mime (1) _____ stories silently using just his or her body. Becky and her theater company, Black Box, act without using words. They wear white face paint and dress in black. Their plays are performed on an empty stage. But when the show begins, you can (2) _____ a forest, a sea or a dining room performed by the actors. Without changing her costume, Becky transforms from a lovely princess to a lion or even an apple tree. Though her hands are empty, she can drink hot tea, carry a (3) _____ bag or play with a pretty kitten. When you (4) _____ at her, you understand the story without any words. The mimes work (5) _____ to make their movements perfect, otherwise the audience will not understand them.

- 1) Hard; 2) Heavy; 3) Look; 4) See; 5) Speaks; 6) Strong; 7) Tells.

A	B	C	D	E
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>